MAASAI WILDERNESS CONSERVATION TRUST

QUARTERLY REPORT

FOUNDER'S MESSAGE

Dear friends of MWCT,

First of all I hope you are all well and safe. While here in Kenya, all of the MWCT family is fine, Antonella and I suffered serious deaths in our families in Europe.

Covid-19 has caused us first of all to look after the health of our team and of course of the community we serve. We scaled all our programs to minimum and we have most of the team working from home. Who is left in the office or in the field is being simply amazing, working 3 times harder than before. And for less money, as we had decreased all salaries.

We are concerned the scaling down will have detrimental effects for all our programs: conservation, health and education. But, right now, we have no other options. We are still able to run our programs, even if in a more limited way.

Kenya had severe rains in March. We had a good amount, with no damages. Kilimanjaro is snow capped as we rarely saw before. More rains means more mingling of wildlife and livestock, near the bomas, which causes higher predation. A young lioness was killed in self defence, by a very young and brave Maasai boy, who defended his livestock. Overall for the guarter claims are identical to Q1 2019.

Thank you all for the continuous support. We will come out of this pandemic stronger and with a broader understanding of how critical Nature is for our wellbeing.

Best regards from the Green Hills of Africa, Luca Belpietro

IMPORTANT:

further notice.

AVERAGE 171.0 MM

TOTAL 256.5 MM

RAINFALI

Due to the COVID-19 pandemic and the social distancing regulations issued by the Kenyan Government, MWCT ordered their staff to be under lockdown starting mid-March. Stringent measures are put in place to ensure that everyone's health and safety are of the utmost priority. Any meetings, outreaches and programs that violate the social distancing parameters, are put on hold until

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WILDLIFE & HABITAT PROTECTION

Iltilal sector covered the greatest distance (1,204km). The team faced some technological challenges as we implemented a new version of SMART (connect), which had contributed to some data delays and lower statistics. The conservation team is currently rectifying this issue for next quarter.

Total	8,460	6,240
Olorika	750	496
Olpusare D	900	721
Olpusare B	900	469
Loositok	600	64
Inkisanjani	900	517
Motikanju	762	343
Kuku	840	664
Olpakai	762	294
Iltilal	774	1,204
Chyulu	438	601
Samai	834	867
	(Kilometers)	(Kilometers
	DISTANCE	DISTANCE
SECTOR	ACTUAL	TARGET



Map: 2020 Q1 Ranger Security Patrols points data

RANGER PATROLS KUKU GROUP RANCH SECTORS CONSERVANCY

SMART & Cybertracker

Data Collection Trained



135 RANGERS Sectors



6 to 8 Rangers per sectors



92 Dedicated Rangers for daily Kuku Group Ranch patrols



8,460

Total kilometers covered on foot this Quarter 1**33% ↓12%** *Q4 2019



Actual (km) Target (km)

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INCIDENTS & CONFLICTS

QUICK FACTS

Lion incidents: 4

- 1 Oltiasika spearing (self-defense)
- 1 Iltilal hunt stopped
- 2 Samai & Kuku Village hunts stopped

Wood logging: 1

1 - Sandalwood harvest in Chyulu National Park



Olpakai rangers reported that a sub-adult lion was speared and killed after entering into a boma in Oltiasika. The MWCT team, including our Wildlife Pays verifying officers, Simba Scouts, Rangers and the zone elder were deployed to the ground as soon as possible. Upon our arrival, the lion had already been killed after it killed a goat and a sheep in the boma. Our MWCT team along with Big Life Foundation (BLF) rangers, kept the scene of the crime protected until Kenya Wildlife Service (KWS) from Amboseli arrived. All the information pertaining to the incident was given to KWS, who came to collect the lion carcass. The verification process was done (credit note number 16863) since the incident was confirmed as self-defense.

JANUARY 27 - ILTILAL Mawoi's pride predated on a goat at Oldepe a few meters from Iltilal. A group of eight Moran organized themselves to hunt the pride. Before they arrived on the scene, one of the eight Moran leaked the information to Masharen (one of our Simba Scouts), and the Simba Scout team responded and managed to stop the hunt. Three lions, including our collared lioness, Mawoi, were found at the carcass and mocked away to allow the verification of the incident.

MARCH 11 - SAMAI A lion was reported to have been consistently breaking into bomas, killing several sheep and goats. Those that witnessed the incidents, claimed the lion also looked very old and weak. However, it then moved into Rombo Group Ranch and was not seen back in Kuku Group Ranch (KGR) since.

There were 3 suspects seen harvesting sandalwood in Chyulu National Park, so we formed a joint operation with the Iltilal and Kanzi sectors for about a week. Our team arrested all 3 suspects; Kooki Musyioki, Onesmas Mutua and Kyalo Muema on February 21st. They were taken to Mtito Police Station, OB 02/21/02/2020. The culprits were taken to court and fined 300,000 Ksh each. The case is still in progress.

MWCT Rangers confiscate dalwood from culprit

Speared lion in

Oltiasika

INCIDENT SUMMARIES

LION INCIDENTS **JANUARY 5 - OLTIASIKA**

MARCH 9 & 21 - KUKU VILLAGE

A pride of lions attacked cattle while herding and injured a bull. The herder managed to scare away the lions, contacted our team to assist in the incident, and the bull was taken back to the herder's boma. The Simba Scouts, Community Rangers and Wildlife Pays Verification Officers acted swiftly to mitigate possible retaliatory hunts and were successful in doing so.

WOOD LOGGING

FEBRUARY 21 - CHYULU NATIONAL PARK



MARTI (male)

has been seen with a pride of 8 pride members. He has been spending time around Loonkitok, Olkiloriti, Singila, and Kanzi. He was involved in livestock predations this quarter.

50% TERRITORY 95% TERRITORY NATIONAL PARKS



is part of a pride of 2 females.

10% CORE TERRITORY **50% TERRITORY** 95% TERRITORY NATIONAL PARKS

Collaring lions is a critically important step towards mitigating human-wildlife conflict. Seven individual Lions on the Kuku Group Ranch (KGR) have been collared with GPS/VHF tracking collars and 3 of the pride's movement during Quarter 1 2020 are illustrated in the descriptive map. The monitoring is also important as we are able to assess population growth rates and habitat utilisation on KGR.

*Orkirikoi's (male) & Namunyak's (female) collars did not transmit data through the satellite this quarter. Nesambu's (female) collar stopped working early April 2019. Marti (male) was re-collared July 31, 2019. Mawoi (female) was re-collared October 26, 2019. Namunyak's sister, Nasha was newly collared on October 28, 2019. We hope to use this to further track Namunyak as well and eventually de-collar her on the next collaring operation in 2020.

LION MONITORING

SAT3422 NASHA SAT3421 MARTI SAT3424 MAWOI

LEGEND

KUKU RIVERS KUKU GROUP RANCH CONSERVANCY

Tsavo West National Park

Chyulu Hills

National Park

• LION POINT EVERY 3 HRS **10% CORE TERRITORY** KUKU GROUP RANCH SECTORS





• LION POINT EVERY 3 HRS 10% CORE TERRITORY 50% TERRITORY 95% TERRITORY KUKU GROUP RANCH SECTORS NATIONAL PARKS



Kuku

NASHA (female)

She spent most of her time in Kanzi, Mkao and Koikuma. She was last seen noticabely pregnant Her pride was not involved in livestock predations this guarter

LION POINT EVERY 3 HRS KUKU GROUP RANCH SECTORS





SIMBA SCOUTS

This is a **dedicated team of 18 Maasai warriors** (morani), who day in and day out monitor GPS collared lions & other wildlife species. Data collected is analysed and used to gauge various aspects of different wildlife species such as their eating habits. The monitoring is also a very significant measure to mitigating humanwildlife conflict within the local Maasai communities.

LION KILLINGS

There were many lions involved in livestock killings this quarter and a handful of lion hunt attempts, resulting in 1 sub-adult lion killed in Oltiasika. The incident was confirmed as self-defense and was verified under our Wildlife Pays Compensation Program.

LION COLLAR ACTIVATION MARCH 13 - 15

The Simba Scout team spent three days searching for Nasha by tracking her sister, Namunyak. After many hours, the team was able to successfuly activate her GPS tracker.

Above: Nasha after her collar was successfully activated. Below: The Simba Scout team using telemetry to track Nasha.



CAMERATRAP SIGHTINGS

GIRAFFE **ELEPHANT** HYENA Spotted Striped

WARTHOG

V Female Male Cubs

LEOPARD

CHEETAH

GAZELLE

BABOON

HARTEBEEST

WILDEBEEST

ZEBRA

BUFFALO DIK DIK

/ JACKAL

MARTIAL EAGLE

✓ SOUTHERN GROUND HORNBILL



WET SEASON AERIAL WILDLIFE CENSUS



Tsavo West NP

To understand wildlife distribution/abundance on Kuku Group Ranch MWCT began aerial surveys in 2010 as part of a long-term ecological monitoring plan for the group ranch, and to inform decision making going forward. We monitor trends and changes over time, which is an important part of being able to develop appropriate conservation strategies to effectively implement adaptive

JAN 22 '20

1**51%** vs 2019

144% VS 2019

A total of 1,122 km of transects were flown systematically between 2 planes, following a north to south bearing at a height of 150-200 meters and at a speed of approximately 110 mph with a cumulative 6hrs of flight time.

Overall the wildlife population remains stable with both reductions and increases in various species population sizes.

LEGEND

HI wildlife density

LO

KUKU RIVERS KUKU GROUP RANCH NATIONAL PARK CONSERVANCY RANGER SECTORS

\$17,621 TOTAL PAY OUT **OF CLAIMS** FOR Q1

NCIDENTS

2%

*Q1 2019

ERAGE NUMB OF INCIDENTS PER DAY FOR Q1

1,300 MONTHLY KMS TRAVELLED PER VERIFICATION OFFICER

WILDLIFE PAYS

MWCT, in conjunction with the employment of Rangers and Simba Scouts, protects the major predators of our ecosystem in Kuku Group Ranch, through the Wildlife Pays Compensation Programme. In contrast to many other predator compensation programmes, MWCT's initiative is fully sustainable as it is funded by the conservation surcharges that Campi ya Kanzi (our eco-lodge partner) leverages through tourism. This is a form of Payment for Ecosystem Services (PES) and it does not rely on institutional or philanthropic funding.

Through a rigorous multi-layer system of verification and dedicated officers, Wildlife Pays is able to detect and prevent possible cases of fraud that might undermine the programme. Payments are made guarterly and compensation is based on four types of livestock losses to ensure the Maasai pastoralists utilize good husbandry practices to prevent greater or further losses. Community outreaches and meetings are also an integral part of our predator protection strategy. Rangers, along with prominent community figures and MWCT staff, conduct meetings with communities that are feeling increased pressure of predation, as well as with the young Maasai warriors (Morans), to prevent the groups from any lion killing in retaliation to livestock losses.

1ST QUARTER

For annual comparison purposes, this total of **313** claims is down from the 318 claims recorded during the Q1 of 2019. The Iltilal Wildlife Pays zone accounted for the highest number of incidents at 163 of the approved 313, equivalent to 52% of the total losses, while Enkii (4/1.3%) and Inkisanjani (6/1.9%) zones had the least number of incidents.



PREDATORS / WILDLIFE SPECIES







The most livestock taken in relation to predators were due to Hyena (152) followed by Lion (68), Cheetah (36), Jackal (27), Leopard (15), Baboon (8), Snake (3), Crocodile (2) and predatory Bird (2). Specfic percentages for the amount accounted for from each predator are reflected in the info graphic below.

HEADS OF LIVESTOCK

A total of **484** heads of livestock were killed this guarter. The majority of livestock killed by predators were sheep (303/62.6%), followed by the other livestock species seen in the info graphic

CLAIMS & LOSS TYPES

The total pay-out of claims was **1,876,200 Ksh** (USD 17,621), which is lower than the amount paid in Q1 2019 (1,937,900 Ksh) (USD 19,155).



Loss type 1H - the livestock was killed while a herder was present. Loss type 1B - the livestock was in the boma when the predator attacked and the boma is well constructed and maintained.

Loss type 2 - Livestock was in the boma when the predator attacked but the boma was not of sufficient quality to protect the livestock within from predators.

Loss type 3 - the livestock was lost when the predator attacked no herder was present

Claims with loss type 1H or 1B receive the highest level of compensation. Loss type 2 claims have the second highest level of compensation and loss type 3 has the lowest level of compensation.

PREDATOR PAY-OUT VALUE PERCENTAGES

LAND RESTORATION

OLPUSARE CONSERVANCY TREE NURSERY

Professor Walubengo from Forest Action Network delivered 1000 Acacia Xanthophloea seedlings and taught the team how to properly build suitable and efficient seed beds. Since then, 14 seed beds have been prepared for different species including acacia zanthophloea, acacia tortillis, acacia nilotica, acacia senegal, and juniperus procera. Several species of seeds and wildlings were also collected from the Chyulu Cloud Forest including, erythrina abyssinica, ficus sycamorus, kigelia africana, croton megalocarpus and vangueria apiculate. This quarter, the team has been carefully maintaining the nursery and moving germinated seeds into individual seedling pots before planting them into the larger plots to rebuild the forest. In March, the team built a new efficient seedbed and transplanted 300 seedlings into plots. They have continued to maintain the project by cleaning up the empty forest plots from grass and weeds to keep them ready for future plantation. There are now 986 seedlings in total that have been planted in the forest plots.



Professor Walubengo & MWCT Conservation Manager, David Okul, collecting wildlings & seeds from Chyulu Cloud Forest to be planted in the tree nursery.



REDD+ CARBON PROJECT

HOUSEHOLD SURVEYS FEB 14/15 & 21/22 - COMMUNITY OUTREACH

Surveyor training with Laura Perry, George Kingola (MWCT Operations) and Wilbur Mutua (Bee-Keeping Manager)

The household survey is part of our second REDD+ verification process. Interviews of the surveyors were conducted within 2 days in Loitokitok and Kibwezi towns and a week later, a training of the selected surveyors was conducted in Kibwezi town. The training was facilitated by Laura Perry of the University of Oxford. Consequently, the ten surveyors undertook a pilot household survey in the Western and Eastern Blocs of the project area for eight days that started on the 24th of February.

BEE-KEEPING

HIVE CHECKS

FEB 26 - ENKII / INKISANJANI / CAMPI YA KANZI / CCRC Wilbur Mutua (Bee-Keeping Manager)

In Enkii, all 15 hives are colonized, 1 was found fallen due to an elephant. Wilbur harvested 13 kgs of honey.

In Inkisanjani, all 15 hives maintained by the women's group are now colonized. The 15 hives maintained by the farmer will be harvested after rainy season.

In Campi ya Kanzi, 17kg of honey was harvested from 4 hives.

In CCRC (MWCT HQ), 5kg of honey was harvested for internal consumption.

LIVELIHOODS PROGRAMME

MWCT supports 13 Maasai Women's Groups to explore other income generating activities. While widespread illiteracy poses a challenge, MWCT pursues creative ways to build financial understanding and grow the capacity of the Maasai – especially women - to run profitable enterprises.

Enkii Women's group **4** were distributed

"Water is life.... we are so grateful for such a device that will assist us fetching enough and clean water for our families thank you to MWCT for their continued support towards improving our life and health."

RESTORATION PROJECTS Moilo Grass Seed Bank **10** Women members **10** Acre project area 80% Project area fully restored

Maintenance:

Inkisanjani Women's Group recieving their hippo rollers.

4 HIPPO ROLLER Outreaches (A hippo roller is a 90 liter water carrying device)

Supat ene Kahenja (52 yrs old):

Inkisanjani Women's group **4** were distributed

Joyce Nanginyi Marine (30 yrs old): "The hippo roller has brought a very big relief to us because with the device we used to use, we would spend half of the day fetching water. Now we are getting 90 liters of water at once, girls can also have time to do their homework because I am able to fetch all the water alone"

Moilo Women's group 4 were distributed

50 were donated to MWCT this quarter by the Marshall family. The remaining hippo rollers will be distributed when the social distancing requirements have been lifted.

Inkisanjani Grass Seed Bank

16 Women members **10** Acre project area 90% Project area fully restored

Enkii Grass Seed Bank

20 Women members **10** Acre project area 80% Project area fully restored

Langata Grass Seed Bank

23 Women members **10** Acre project area 90% Project area fully restored

Due to Covid-19, all groups have been under strict social distancing requirements but have been slowly working on maintaining their seed banks. All the women worked on weeding and fence maintenance - improving the grass seed and hay yields during harvest. All groups have harvested but have yet to weigh the seeds, but will resume once the restrictions are lifted.



Maasai women waiting to be treated at Kuku Dispensary Maikuu

HEALTH PROGRAMME

Oltiasika Dispensary

lu Hills National Park

Olorika Dispensary

Langata Dispensary

MWCT Research Centre

Kuku Dispensary





25 Schools supported



61 Teachers employed



9,467 Students enrolled 53% 47% Boys Girls



64 Scholarships

Active





54 Active

ACHIEVEMENTS

Iltilal Kanzi primary school continues to have the highest enrolment of pupils, which stands at **1,272** with Inkisanjani and Elangata Enkima following closely with enrolments of **910** and **864** respectively.

We continue to meet all the operational costs of Iltilal Kanzi Primary School, which includes but not limited to employment of **13** teachers, supply of school stationery, provision of tapped water, provision of solar power etc.

CHALLENGES

SCHOOLSTAN

Some schools in Kuku Group Ranch such as Inkisanjani, Iltilal and Elangata do not have adequate classrooms to cater for their high enrolments. They are also experiencing shortage of teachers.

Due to the Covid-19 pandemic, schools closed down in early March. After the closure, schools have been attempting to contiue their teaching through online platforms. However, Naisula school - where MWCT supports 6 students - are experiencing internet connection issues in their homes, so while learning is happening, WiFi challenges are proving difficult for completion.

Teachers remain ready to return until the Kenyan government requires them to resume. While bursaries and scholarships remain active (online applicatons ongoing), their processing is linked to the lifting of the school closures.



ENROLLMENT

	School Name	Boys	Girls	Total
1	Iltilal Secondary School	40	41	81
2	Enkii Boys Secondary I	420	0	420
3	Oyarata Primary School	140	133	273
4	Nolasiti Primary School	159	179	338
5	Neiti Nursery School	58	40	98
6	Marlal Primary School	231	178	409
7	Enkii Primary School	228	270	498
8	Shokut Primary School	182	166	348
9	Enkolili Primary School	179	150	329
10	Leinkati Primary School	80	75	155
11	Elangata Enkima Primary	458	406	864
12	Olorika Primary School	339	311	650
13	Oltiasika Primary School	206	176	382
14	Inkisanjani Primary School	457	453	910
15	Olkaria Primary School	385	285	670
16	Kuku Primary School	152	206	358
17	Enkusero Primary School	113	147	260
18	Moilo Primary School	121	99	220
19	Iltilal Primary School	627	645	1,272
20	Loosoitok Primary School	104	102	206
21	Kaitoriori Nursery School	59	49	108
22	Samai Primary School	159	179	338
23	Oltonyo Lenkai Nursery	40	22	62
24	Manyata Nursery	66	38	104
25	Esoit Nursery		70	114

Total

5,047 4,420 9,467

EDUCATION PROGRAMME

PARTNERS & SUPPORT







We are grateful for the continuous support that we receive from our donors and partnered organizations that aid us in achieving our goals.



MAASAI WILDERNESS CONSERVATION TRUST

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WORKING WITH THE COMMUNITY FOR THE PROTECTION AND PRESERVATION OF CULTURAL HERITAGE, THRIVING WILDLIFE AND A VITAL ECOSYSTEM.

SINCE 1996

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